

## TOO POOR TO KEEP CHILDREN.

Tenants in North Texas Offer to Give Little Ones Away.

Dallas, Texas, March 17.—W. S. Noble, secretary of the Land League of Texas, told the Federal Commission of Industrial Relations to-day that he had this week found two land tenants in North Texas so poverty stricken that they were offering to give their children away. He testified at the hearing on American farm land conditions.

Noble said he had found these tenants in a search for what he considered a typical example of the poorer class of tenant farmers. Not believing them typical, he said, he had brought to Dallas, as a voluntary witness, L. T. Steward, a farmer, whose experience was similar, it is said, to some 50,000 tenant families in the Southwest. Steward then took the witness stand. Alongside sat his wife and six of his eight children, ranging from three to twenty years old. Three of the smallest were barefooted, their feet showing sores from frost bites.

### Efforts to Buy Farm.

Steward described his efforts for twenty years to buy a farm, beginning in Arkansas and finally coming to Texas. After his first year's farming, he said, he sold his mule to get "square of debt." Next year he borrowed a mule and "came out \$15 to the good." Then he bought a small farm on six years' time, but was forced to give it up for lack of \$40 to meet payments at the end of the first year.

After several years he got \$200 ahead, and bought an 85-acre farm in Arkansas. He did well, but two children died and their doctor bills cut into his savings so that he gave up the farm, unable to meet the interest. He told the commission that one year he had lost money when cotton was seven cents a pound, but that he saved a little the next year when he received only four cents per pound. He saved by reducing living expenses. He said sometimes his wife "got to town" only once in two years. At times he had lived too far from a school house for his oldest boy to attend. Then when he lived near town later on, the boy was ashamed to go on account of his clothing.

He said he never kept any track of the amount of such expenses, except to live on as little as possible, buying but one two-piece ready-made suit in the last five years. When his profits were high, he said, these bills always about equalled the profits. He said he had paid on credit from \$1 to \$1.25 per bushel for corn, which was selling for cash at 75 cents a bushel.

Several weeks ago his hogs, his only remaining food supply were sold under foreclosure for debt.

### Hard Life of Mrs. Steward.

Mrs. Steward, the mother of eleven children, was questioned by Mrs. J. Borden Harriman, a member of the commission. In Arkansas, she declared, she worked in the field every year except one.

Her routine, she said, was to get breakfast at 4 in the morning, work in the fields until nearly noon, then return to the house to begin household duties, and take "one day out of a week" to do the washing. For several years she made her husband's clothing, her own and her children's. Mrs. Harriman asked about farm tenant housing conditions.

"Some houses are tolerably decent," replied the witness. "Some are not. I have carried water myself a mile from the nearest well to the house."

After coming to Texas, Mrs. Steward stopped field work, replacing it with sewing until, she said, her sewing machine was taken away a week ago to pay cents. She said she had known many women who worked as hard. Since the first of this year, Mrs. Harriman brought out, the family has not had enough to eat.

"Don't you worry?" asked Mrs. Harriman.

"I always say," replied the witness, smiling, "that I never let any more trouble fly over my head than I can kick off with my heels."

"Good philosophy," commented Mrs. Harriman.

### How Credit System Runs.

Prof. E. W. Leonard, of the Department of Economics of the University of Texas, gave the commission figures from his investigations, tending to explain how the credit system in vogue made it impossible for tenants to get out of debt on many farms. He testified that many landowners co-operate with their tenants with the purposes of building up good estates, and that on such farms tenants usually are prosperous. But he said there is a class of landowners who practically compel their tenants to keep moving to other farms by driving hard bargains, and another class who, through the general speculative rise in land values in the Southwest and their need or desire for an ordinary rate of interest on

## THE EUROPEAN WAR.

(Home and Farm.)

We have from a reader a request for a brief account of the war in Europe, as to its causes and results up to the present.

It has to be traced back to the trouble in the Balkans in 1912, when those nations undertook to throw off the Turkish yoke.

These wars brought into direct opposition Russia and Austria.

Serbia, practically a new nation, was developing power and strength, and Austria feared an effort to bring all Servians (or Serbs) into one nation.

On June 28, 1914, a young Serb 18 years old assassinated the Archduke Franz Ferdinand, the heir apparent to the Austro-Hungarian throne, and his wife, the Duchess of Hohenberg. The Austrians charged that the crime was the culmination of a conspiracy encouraged by leading statesmen of Serbia. Austria demanded reparation, apology and assurances for the future. July 25 the Serbian reply was delivered to Austria. It was declared insufficient, and on July 28 war was declared by Austria against Serbia.

This drew Russia into the conflict as the protector of Serbia, and Germany into the conflict as the ally of Austria. July 30 Russia ordered the mobilization of her army. July 31 the German ambassador at St. Petersburg presented his government's ultimatum to Russia.

August 1 the German government ordered the mobilization of its army and at 7 in the evening Russia was informed that a state of war existed between Germany and Russia. August 6 Austria declared war against Russia. August 3 the French government declared that war existed in consequence of the invasion of French territory by German troops. August 4 the British government sent its ultimatum to Germany to respect the neutrality of Belgium.

August 5 the British government declared the existence of a state of war between Great Britain and Germany, and later between Great Britain and Austria. August 12th the French government declared war against Austria.

At once the German army moved toward Paris and came within forty miles of that city. She was confronted in Belgium with the Belgian army, backed by the British forces, and the English troops reinforced the French line. The German movement toward Paris was checked and the German army fell back to entrenched positions.

On those lines the two great forces have faced each other since September. The conflicts have been many and serious, but the gains to either side have been insignificant.

Belgium has been devastated. A large part of Northern France, with its cities and ancient churches, libraries and universities, has suffered all of the evils of such a conflict.

The superiority of the English fleet, or of the allied fleet of England, France and Russia, on the seas could not be contested, and in a few weeks the foreign commerce of Germany was destroyed.

Russia invaded Germany from the north and was driven back, and the conflict has raged between Germany and Austria on the one hand against Russia on the other, with varying fortune.

The latest development of the conflict has been the attack of the allied fleet upon the Turkish forts that protect Constantinople. This conflict is now raging. Many of the forts have been destroyed, but the allies have not at this writing landed any troops. It seems to be admitted that it is only a question of time before Constantinople shall fall.

### National Forest Activities.

Selling some billion and a half board feet of timber and supervising the cutting on several thousand different areas, overseeing the grazing of more than 1,500,000 cattle and 7,500,000 sheep and building more than 600 miles of road, 2,000 miles of trail, 3,000 miles of telephone line and 700 miles of fire line are some of the things which the government forest service did last year, as disclosed in the report by the chief forester for 1914. These activities were all on the national forests, which at present total about 185,000,000 acres. Receipts from all sources were \$2,437,710.21.

capital represented in such lands, exact ruinous rents. Tenants on these two classes of farms, he said, seldom get enough money ahead to pay cash, but mortgage their next year's crop for living expenses.

The Quinine That Does Not Affect The Head Because of its tonic and laxative effect, LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE is better than ordinary Quinine and does not cause nervousness or ringing in head. Remember the full name and look for the signature of E. W. GROVE, 25c.

## "THREE TO ONE FOR PROH." Anti-Saloon League Now Actively at Work—Some Results.

Spartanburg, March 19.—Editor Keowee Courier: We think it well to say a few things to the friends of prohibition just at this time. If ever a State had reason to rejoice, our State has. Truly we have had "wash-day."

Both the bills prepared by the Anti-Saloon League and introduced by our friends in the House and Senate at the last session of the Legislature passed by overwhelming majorities. The anti-shipment bill, taking advantage of the Webb law, went into effect March 12th, and has been a great surprise to blind tigers and clubs. The tiger can no longer get liquor and beer in case goods nor by freight. This forces all liquor packages through the express office, in one gallon lots, once a month, and virtually destroys the jug trade in regard to beer. As liquor and beer cannot be stored except in private homes, liquor in the social clubs is a thing of the past.

The referendum bill means that South Carolina will vote, on the 14th of next September, on the prohibition question, making the State the unit instead of the county. If the State votes "dry" it will be dry by October 1st, for there will be a rush for a last supply and every dispensary will be empty in two weeks. That will wind up the liquor business, and it is joyous to think about. This should stir the heart of every man and woman to action. This is the goal—the end we have prayed and hoped for so long. But, brethren and friends of our cause, this means work, more work and harder work.

Every county in the State must have a good central committee and every precinct a precinct committee. The liquor forces are already organized, and for several weeks have been circulating most pernicious literature in our State. We are to be congratulated that nearly every local and daily paper in the State is with us in the fight. It is hoped that we have nothing to fear from vicious attacks, at least from any paper in the State.

Our principal trouble will come from pernicious methods that the liquor trust and its friends will employ among the negroes, the foreign element and the ignorant. Our friends must be on the alert, looking after the registration of voters, distribution of literature, and organization. The Anti-Saloon League will do all it can, but we need your help.

Our work just at this time is in the Piedmont section. We have already organized several counties and have the names of committeemen on file in our office. In the near future each man on a county or precinct committee will receive our manual of instructions. Appeals for help have been coming in from different parts of the State. As soon as we have completed the work of organization in the upper counties, we shall begin in the middle and lower parts of the State.

If our friends who have already made subscriptions to our work will send in their dues it will aid us much in distributing literature and in other ways. We are getting good assistance from men like Dr. Clinkscales, of Wofford College, and Hon. Heriot Clarkson, of Charlotte, N. C., in our public meetings on Sundays. We have arranged with Dr. James Cannon, Jr., of Richmond, Va., the leader of the Virginia forces last year, to come to this State in June.

We had hoped to make South Carolina the 16th dry State, but three other States have gone dry by legislative enactment, to become dry January 1, 1916, so we must be content to take 19th place.

Our slogan is: "Three to one for prohibition." Send this down the line and work to that end. Our motto is: "Organization, agitation, education—victory!" J. L. Harley.

State Supt. Anti-Saloon League.

### Proof Positive.

Little Ada came in to her mother from her play, and asked:

"Have gooseberries any legs, mother?"

"Why, no, dear," replied the mother, "of course not. Why do you ask?"

Ada looked solemn as she raised her face to her mother's.

"Why, then, mother," she said, "I've been eatin' caterpillars!"

## CHICHESTER PILLS

DIAMOND BRAND. Refuse all Substitutes.

LADIES! Ask your Druggist for CHICHESTER'S PILLS. They are the only pills that are safe, reliable, and do not cause nervousness or ringing in head. Remember the full name and look for the signature of E. W. GROVE, 25c.

THE QUININE THAT DOES NOT AFFECT THE HEAD Because of its tonic and laxative effect, LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE is better than ordinary Quinine and does not cause nervousness or ringing in head. Remember the full name and look for the signature of E. W. GROVE, 25c.

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# Children Cry for Fletcher's CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

## What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhea. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

## GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years

The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

## BLUE RIDGE RAILWAY—BETWEEN BELTON AND WALHALLA.

TIME TABLE NO. 15—EFFECTIVE OCTOBER 18, 12.01 A. M. 1914.

EAST-BOUND—							
	First Class, Passenger, Daily.	First Class, Passenger, Daily.	First Class, Motor Train, Daily.	First Class, Motor Train, Daily.	Second Class, Daily Ex. Sun.	Second Class, Mixed, Daily Ex. Sun.	
EAST-BOUND—							
Leave Walhalla	A.M. 7.00	P.M. 3.15	A.M. 11.40	P.M. 6.15	A.M. 7.30	P.M. 3.45	
Leave West Union	7.05	3.20	11.45	6.20	7.35	3.50	
Leave Seneca	7.23	3.38	1.20	7.03	8.58	4.08	
Leave Jordania	7.26	3.41	1.22	7.05	9.02	4.12	
Leave Adams's Crossing	7.41	3.56	1.36	7.19	9.26	4.36	
Leave Cherry's Crossing	7.44	3.59	1.38	7.21	9.30	4.40	
Leave Pendleton	7.56	4.11	1.50	7.33	9.46	4.52	
Leave Antun	8.04	4.19	1.58	7.41	9.58	5.04	
Leave Sandy Springs	8.07	4.22	2.01	7.44	10.02	5.08	
Leave Denver	8.12	4.28	2.06	7.49	10.10	5.16	
Leave West Anderson	8.26	4.42	2.18	8.01	10.30	5.30	
Leave Anderson (Passenger Depot)	8.31	4.47	2.25	8.05	10.48	5.35	
Leave Anderson (Freight Depot)	8.34	4.50	2.28	8.08	10.51	5.38	
Leave Erskine's Siding	8.50	5.10	2.48	8.35	11.08	5.58	
Arrive Belton	9.00	5.20	2.58	8.45	11.18	6.08	
NUMBER OF TRAIN	12	10	24	30	6	8	
WEST-BOUND—							
	P.M. 11.22	A.M. 11.22	P.M. 11.22	A.M. 11.22	P.M. 11.22	A.M. 11.22	
Leave Belton	5.35	11.22	5.35	11.22	5.35	11.22	
Leave Erskine's Siding	5.45	11.32	5.45	11.32	5.45	11.32	
Leave Anderson (Freight Depot)	6.00	11.47	5.55	11.37	5.55	11.37	
Leave Anderson (Passenger Depot)	6.03	11.50	5.58	11.40	5.58	11.40	
Leave West Anderson	6.08	11.57	6.00	11.46	6.00	11.46	
Leave Denver	6.20	12.10	6.12	11.58	6.12	11.58	
Leave Sandy Springs	6.25	12.15	6.18	12.03	6.18	12.03	
Leave Antun	6.27	12.18	6.21	12.06	6.21	12.06	
Leave Pendleton	6.34	12.26	6.29	12.14	6.29	12.14	
Leave Cherry's Crossing	6.44	12.36	6.39	12.24	6.39	12.24	
Leave Adams's Crossing	6.46	12.39	6.41	12.27	6.41	12.27	
Leave Jordania	7.01	12.57	6.55	12.46	6.55	12.46	
Leave Seneca	7.03	1.15	7.10	12.50	7.10	12.50	
Leave West Union	7.21	1.33	7.28	1.08	7.28	1.08	
Arrive Walhalla	7.35	1.42	7.35	1.18	7.35	1.18	
NUMBER OF TRAIN	11	9	29	25	5	7	

Flag Stations: Anderson (Freight Depot), West Anderson, Denver, Sandy Springs, Antun, Cherry's Crossing, Adams's Crossing, Jordania. Steam trains will stop at following flag stations to take on and let off passengers: Welch, Toxaway, Phinney's, James.

Motor trains will stop at following points to take on and let off passengers: One-Mile Crossing, Keys' Crossing, Erskine's Siding, Welch, Robbins' Crossing, Harper's Crossing, Broyles' Crossing, Toxaway and Jefferson Avenue. J. R. ANDERSON, Superintendent.

# HUSBAND RESCUED DESPAIRING WIFE

After Four Years of Discouraging Conditions, Mrs. Bullock Gave Up in Despair. Husband Came to Rescue.

Catron, Ky.—In an interesting letter from this place, Mrs. Bettie Bullock writes as follows: "I suffered for four years, with womanly troubles, and during this time, I could only sit up for a little while, and could not walk anywhere at all. At times, I would have severe pains in my left side.

The doctor was called in, and his treatment relieved me for a while, but I was soon confined to my bed again. After that, nothing seemed to do me any good.

I had gotten so weak I could not stand, and I gave up in despair.

At last, my husband got me a bottle of Cardui, the woman's tonic, and I commenced taking it. From the very first dose, I could tell it was helping me. I can now walk two miles without its tiring me, and am doing all my work."

If you are all run down from womanly troubles, don't give up in despair. Try Cardui, the woman's tonic. It has helped more than a million women, in its 50 years of continuous success, and should surely help you, too. Your druggist has sold Cardui for years. He knows what it will do. Ask him. He will recommend it. Begin taking Cardui today.

Write to: Chattanooga Medicine Co., Ladies' Advisory Dept., Chattanooga, Tenn., for Special Instructions in your case and 64-page book, "Home Treatment for Women," sent in plain wrapper. 1-4c

Willie, aged six, and just from the country, had been taken to a large city church where, for the first time, he saw and heard a vested choir. He was greatly interested, and when later questioned as to what he had most liked about the services, replied eagerly: "Oh, Auntie, it was just lovely to watch the preacher come out with all his wives!"

## Rev. Whitten's Appointments.

Following is a schedule of Rev. H. A. Whitten's appointments:

First Sunday—Whitmore church 11 o'clock, Salem church 3.30 p. m.  
Second Sunday—Zion church 11 o'clock, Ebenezer church 4 p. m., Walhalla M.H.s 7.30 p. m.  
Third Sunday—Bethel Presbyterian church 11 o'clock, Old Pickens 4 p. m.  
Fourth Sunday—Double Springs church 11 o'clock, Laurel Springs 4 p. m.

These will be the appointments and hours of services of the Walhalla Circuit until further notice.

H. A. Whitten,  
Pastor in Charge.

## Invigorating to the Pale and Sickly

The Old Standard general strengthening tonic, GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC, drives out Malaria, enriches the blood, and builds up the system. A true tonic. For adults and children. 50c

## Prominent Episcopalian Dead.

Nashville, Tenn., March 17.—Rev. John B. Cannon, chaplain of the University of the South, Sewanee, and a prominent figure in the Diocese of the Tennessee Episcopal church, died here to-day.

The receipts from the sale of fertilizer tags to date (for this year) amount to \$70,000 as against \$201,000 for the corresponding date last year. Proceeds from this tax go to the support of Clemson College.

## DON'T WAIT.

Take Advantage of a Walhalla Citizen's Experience.

When the back begins to ache, Don't wait until backache becomes chronic.

"Till kidney troubles develop; 'Till urinary troubles destroy night's rest."

Profit by a Walhalla citizen's experience.

Mrs. R. D. Oelkers, W. Main street, Walhalla, says: "I had been feeling quite miserable for months. I had a dull ache through my head and soreness across the small of my back. Sometimes I was very weak and nervous and had no appetite. The kidney secretions showed that my kidneys were affected. I sent to Bell's drug store for Doan's Kidney Pills and they gave me great benefit." (Statement given February 21st, 1908.)

Over Six Years Later, Mrs. Oelkers said: "I haven't noticed the least bit of kidney trouble since giving my former endorsement. I can now do as hard a day's work as I ever could and am in good health. I have advised scores of people to try Doan's Kidney Pills."

Price 50c. at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Oelkers had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.—Adv.

## PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

DR. W. R. CRAIG, Dental Surgeon.

WALHALLA, S. CAROLINA.

Office Over C. W. Pitchford's Store.

Office Hours:

9 A. M. to 12 M.

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